určený k procvičování

**1. For each question complete the second sentence so that it means the same as the first, using exactly three words:**

1. I was fascinated by dolphins when I was very young and I still am.

I have been fascinated by dolphins since I was very young.

1. Perhaps there are some people who don’t realise how intelligent dolphins are.

Some people may/might not realise how intelligent dolphins are.

1. A second ago I received an email inviting me to a lecture on dolphins.

I have just received an email inviting me to a lecture on dolphins.

1. If you want to come too, it’s necessary to book tickets in advance.

If you want to come too, you have to book tickets in advance.

1. Her boyfriend is not very generous; he always pays for himself only.

She has a quite mean boyfriend.

**2. Complete the following sentences using the words form the box. Use each word only once:**

|  |
| --- |
| since still so far ever yet just never already lately for  |

1. I have worked for this company for a long time.
2. I’ve never been to my mum’s homeland before.
3. We are thrilled; she has just given birth.
4. Have you done your homework already? It’s taking you ages!
5. She’s been really nervous lately.
6. I haven’t seen my best friend since the graduation.
7. We haven’t seen her new baby yet.
8. We have sold 5,000 products so far.
9. She still hasn’t sorted out her documents.
10. Have you ever visited the Eiffel Tower?

**3. Choose the correct word for each space:**

It’s very cold today. In fact, it’s (1) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ freezing. I hope it’s better on Friday, because our history class is going on a school (2) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to the countryside. We are going to look for old objects that are buried under the ground. This is (3) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ more exciting than it sounds, because some of these things can be (4) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ valuable. For example, a boy I (5) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ at a party last year had found an ancient coin worth $ 2,000. I was (6) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ that something so small could be so valuable. Unfortunately, it’s not always easy to find these things, because some of them can be (7) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ deep as 2 metres underground and we (8) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ use special equipment to find them. It would be great to find something valuable, like a box of Roman gold, but we would probably be satisfied (9) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ an old plate or something like that. We are basically interested (10) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ finding anything. Of course, we (11) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ find nothing, but on the other hand, I am very proud (12) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ my collection of old shards ☺.

1 too very so absolutely

2 trip travel journey voyage

3 little lot much many

4 not quite seldom easy

5 found met discovered knew

6 surprise surprised surprising surprises

7 very almost so as

8 must have should could

9 of with for about

10 in with for about

11 should (could) can might

12 of with for about

**4. Use the verbs in the brackets in their appropriate forms:**

Harvard University 1) is (be) the oldest university in the USA. The university 2) started (start) in 1636 and it 3) got (get) its name two years later when John Harvard 4) died (die) and 5) gave (give) a library to the university. Since then, the university 6) has grown (grow) and Harvard 7) has become (become) one of the most famous universities in the world. People all over the world 8) have heard (hear) about Harvard! Many famous people 9) have studied (study) at Harvard, including the poet T. S. Eliot among others. Many Harvard students 10) have won (win) Nobel Prizes. Education at Harvard 11) has changed (change) a lot over its history. Charles Eliot, president of Harvard from 1869-1909, 12) made (make) the biggest changes. When he 13) became (become) president, students 14) didn’t take (not take) the entrance exams.

Nowadays, thousands of students 15) want (want) to study at Harvard, but only about 10% of them 16) pass (pass) the entrance exams. Nonetheless, Harvard 17) has never been (never, be) only about education. Sport and culture 18) have always been (always, be) very important, too, although the education 19) played (play) a more important role in the past than it 20) plays(play) today.

**5. Describe the following people. What are they wearing?:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  Výsledek obrázku pro girl wearing a blouse, skirt, tights boots | She is wearing a white blouse, a green jacket, a red skirt, a brown belt, black tights and brown boots.  |
|   Výsledek obrázku pro tall man in a suit and bowtie umbrella trainers | He is wearing a blue suit, with a pink handkerchief in the pocket, a white shirt and a brown tie. He also has a colourful umbrella. |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  Výsledek obrázku pro curly hair women, jumper, gloves, jeans | She is wearing a white sweatshirt, blue jeans and brown sandals. |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  Výsledek obrázku pro curly woman, tracksuit, trainers | She is wearing a grey tracksuit and bright yellow trainers. |

**6. Complete the following sentences with the correct form of these words or expressions. Use each word / expression once only:**

*be find out get to know go know meet*

1. I met Joanne at a party and we got married two years later.
2. Tim has gone to the cinema, and I have no idea when he’ll get back.
3. I knew a bit of Japanese when I was younger, but I’ve forgotten most of it now.
4. At first I didn’t like Hen, but when I got to know her better, I thought she was great.
5. I was furious when I first found out that Jake had used my computer without asking me.
6. I have been to London only once and I didn’t like it very much.

**7. Translate:**

1. Je možné, že máš pravdu (4 slova).

You might/may/could be right.

1. Ráda nosím módní oblečení (5 slov).

I like wearing fashionable clothes.

1. Zjistil jsem některá překvapivá fakta (6 slov).

I found out some surprising facts.

1. Právě jsem si koupil dvoje kalhoty (8 slov).

I have just bought two pairs of trousers.

1. Na akci je jednoduchý přístup pomocí MHD (8 slov).

The event is easily accessed by public transport.

1. Film vychází z románu Emily Brontë (10 slov).

The film is based on a novel by Emily Brontë.

**8. Correct the errors:**

1. I have felt a bit embarrassing yesterday. → I felt a bit embarrassed yesterday.
2. Prague is a best place I have never been. → Prague is the best place I have ever been to.
3. We have gone to the theatre thrice this month. → We have been to the theatre thrice this month.
4. The film already received very good critics. → The film has already received very good reviews.
5. The show last about 2 hours with two short pauses. → The show lasts about 2 hours with two short intervals.
6. I don’t like go to the swimming pool, because I can’t swimming. → I don’t like going to the swimming pool, because I can’t swim.
7. He’s gone to New York 2 years ago. → He went to New York 2 years ago.
8. My thighs are quite fat, so I don’t like wear tights jeans. → My thighs are quite fat, so I don’t like wearing tight jeans.